# Presentation of Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 2021



May 2021

#### **Contents**

- p. 3 FY2020 Financial Results
- FY2021 Consolidated Earnings Forecast
- Businesses of the Mitsui Matsushima Group
  Consumer Goods and Services Business Division
  Energy Business Division
- Progress of Mid-term Management Plan
- P. 38 Reference Materials

# **FY2020 Financial Results**

# **Consolidated Income Statement**

#### Income statement

(Million yen)

|  |                  |                  |                  | (IAIIIIA   |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
|  | FY2019           | FY2020           | Yr/Yr<br>Change  | Main factor behind changes   |
| Net sales  | 66,596           | 57,378           | (9,218)          | A decline in coal prices in the<br>Energy Business (Coal Sales<br>Business)  |
| Operating profit<br>[Operating profit before<br>amortization of goodwill]* | 2,741<br>[3,459] | 1,946<br>[2,613] | (794)<br>[(846)] | A decline in coal prices in the<br>Energy Business (Coal<br>Production Business)   |
| Ordinary profit  | 2,995            | 3,020            | +24              | Foreign exchange gain: 561<br>million yen<br>Employment Adjustment<br>Subsidy: 319 million yen   |
| Net profit attributable to owners of parent                                | 2,292            | (3,035)          | (5,328)          | <pre><extraordinary income=""> Gain on negative goodwill: 333 million yen <extraordinary loss=""> *For details, please see p. 5.</extraordinary></extraordinary></pre> |

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Operating profit before amortization of goodwill" is operating profit excluding the amortization of goodwill that arises from business acquisitions.

# **Extraordinary Loss**

## Breakdown of extraordinary loss

|                          | ltem   | Overview   | Breakdown  | FY2020<br>Amount<br>recorded on<br>PL  |  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Business                 | <australia><br/>Impairment, etc. of<br/>fixed assets for the<br/>existing mining area<br/>of Liddell Coal Mine</australia> | <ul> <li>As a result of carefully reviewing the futur<br/>FY2023) based on the stagnant coal mark<br/>the entire amount of fixed assets related to<br/>was recognized as impaired. (*1)</li> </ul>   | re cash flows (FY2021–<br>ket conditions in FY2020,<br>to the said mining area   | Impairment loss for<br>Liddell's heavy<br>machinery  | 2,409 million<br>yen   |
| Coal Production Business | <indonesia> Recording of allowance for doubtful accounts, etc. for GDM(*2)</indonesia>                                     | <ul> <li>As a result of verifying the collectability of the stagnant coal market conditions in FY doubtful accounts was recorded for the eraccrued interest.</li> <li>No new investments will be made in GDN 20.1% of the shares in GDM will be dilute excluded from the scope of equity method</li> </ul>   | In the future. As a result, and GDM will be  | Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts  Loss on valuation of shares  | 596 million<br>yen<br>95 million yen   |
| Fashion Business         | <hanabishi<br>Sewing&gt;<br/>Impairment, etc. of<br/>consolidated<br/>goodwill/fixed<br/>assets</hanabishi<br>             | <ul> <li>Loss occurred and stores were closed (Alimpact of COVID-19.</li> <li>As a result of carefully reviewing the futur shrinking of the business suit market, whi the spread of COVID-19, the entire amou related to Hanabishi Sewing was recognized in line with the impairment of goodwill, an factory facilities, etc. was recorded.</li> <li>Restructuring expenses occurred due to a capacity to be commensurate with market</li> </ul> | re cash flows based on the ch was accelerated with nt of consolidated goodwill zed as impaired. impairment loss for downsizing of production | Loss caused by store closure due to COVID- 19 Impairment loss on goodwill Impairment loss on factory facilities/store interior Expenses including employee retirement allowances | 308 million<br>yen<br>811 million<br>yen<br>550 million<br>yen<br>286 million<br>yen |
| Othe                     | Impairment loss, etc. for idle assets  | <ul> <li>Idle assets owned by the Mitsui Matsushi<br/>Nagasaki area) were valuated at market v<br/>loss was recorded.</li> </ul>   | ma Group (mainly in the value and an impairment  | Impairment loss on idle assets, etc.   | 265 million<br>yen   |
| *1 ln l                  | line with the impairment, de   | ferred tax assets of 636 million yen were reversed.  | То   | tal  | 5,323 million<br>yen   |
|                          | M=PT Gerbang Daya Man  | ·  | Of which, loss with  | nout cash outflows   | 4,732 million<br>yen   |

# **Consolidated Segment Information**

- Energy Business Division The Energy Business segment comprises the Coal Sales Business, the Coal Production Business, and the Renewable Energy Business.
- Consumer Goods and Services Business DivisionThe Consumer Goods and Services Business segment comprises the Beverage and Food Packages Business, the Fashion Business, the Electronic Parts Business, the Office Equipment Business, the Pet Business, the Housing-Related Material Business (from February 2021), and the Nursing Care Business.
  - ✓ \*Net sales dropped due to the exclusion of M&M Service from consolidation in 4Q of FY2019 and a decrease in sales in the Fashion Business resulting from the spread of COVID-19.
  - ✓ Profits increased because KMT Corporation (Pet Business) and Sansei Denshi Co., Ltd. (Electronic Parts Business) joined the scope of consolidation in 1Q of FY2020, and Systech Kyowa Co., Ltd. (Housing-Related Material Business) did so in 4Q of the same fiscal year.

| Net sales   |                         |                 |                    | Segment profit  |                             |                           | (Million yen)           |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Business  | FY2019                  | FY2020          | Yr/Yr<br>Change    | Business  | FY2019                      | FY2020                    | Yr/Yr<br>Change         |
| Energy  | 41,010                  | 32,985          | (8,025)            | Energy  | 3,291                       | 1,612                     | (1,679)                 |
| Consumer Goods<br>and Services<br>of which, Fashion<br>Business | 24,215<br><i>4</i> ,372 | 23,080<br>2,379 | (1,135)<br>(1,992) | Consumer Goods and Services of which, Fashion Business [Before goodwill amortization] | 802<br><i>50</i><br>[1,520] | 1,572<br>(323)<br>[2,239] | +769<br>(373)<br>[+718] |
| Others  | 1,310                   | 1,341           | +31                | Others  | 58                          | 145                       | +86                     |
| Adjustments   | 60                      | (29)            | (89)               | Adjustments   | (1,410)                     | (1,383)                   | +27                     |
| Total   | 66,596                  | 57,378          | (9,218)            | Total [Before goodwill amortization]  | 2,741<br>[3,459]            | 1,946<br>[2,613]          | (794)<br>[(846)]        |

<sup>\*</sup>Segment profit for the Energy Business includes equity in net income of affiliates; FY2019: 80 million yen, FY2020: 34 million yen.

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Others" represent business segments not included in reporting segments, and include the Real Estate Business, the Stevedore and Warehouse Business, etc.

<sup>\*</sup>Net sales in "Adjustments" include rent income of all-company assets; segment profit includes deduction of the aforesaid equity in net income of affiliates, all-company profit & expenses not allocated to each reporting segment, etc.

# **Breakdown of the Energy Business Division**

- Coal Sales Business Net Sales, Profit: Both sales and profit declined mainly due to a drop in coal prices.
- Coal Production Business Net Sales, Profit: Both sales and profit declined mainly due to a drop in coal prices.

| Net sales                                   | Net sales                   |                             |                             |   | Segment profit |               |                   |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Business                                    | FY2019                      | FY2020                      | Yr/Yr<br>Change             | Business  | FY2019         | FY2020        | Yr/Yr<br>Change   |
| Coal Sales Business<br>Sales volume         | 34,964<br>3,650,000<br>tons | 28,768<br>3,800,000<br>tons | (6,195)<br>+150,000<br>tons | Coal Sales Business   | 127            | 103           | (24)              |
| Coal Production<br>Business<br>Sales volume | 13,073<br>1,230,000<br>tons | 10,453<br>1,300,000<br>tons | (2,620)<br>+70,000 tons     | Coal Production Business (of which, equity in net income of affiliates) | 3,031<br>[80]  | 1,351<br>[34] | (1,679)<br>[(45)] |
| Renewable<br>Energy Business                | 308                         | 317                         | +8                          | Renewable<br>Energy Business  | 132            | 157           | +24               |
| Adjustments                                 | (7,336)                     | (6,554)                     | +782                        | Adjustments   | _              | _             | _                 |
| Total                                       | 41,010                      | 32,985                      | (8,025)                     | Total   | 3,291          | 1,612         | (1,679)           |

| Major indexe                       | S   | FY2019 Results | FY2020 Results | Change                         |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Coal Production                    | Sales volume: Thermal coal                | 1,050,000 tons | 1,150,000 tons | +100,000 tons                  |
| Business<br>(Jan.–Dec.<br>results) | Sales volume: Semi-soft coking coal       | 180,000 tons   | 160,000 tons   | (30,000) tons                  |
| ·                                  | Average coal price: Thermal coal          | US\$ 90.90     | US\$ 71.77     | US\$ (19.13)                   |
|                                    | Average coal price: Semi-soft coking coal | US\$ 122.82    | US\$ 84.02     | US\$ (38.80)                   |
|                                    | Exchange rate: A\$/US\$ (average rate)    | US\$ 0.69      | US\$ 0.68      | Weaker A\$ against US\$ (0.01) |
|                                    | Exchange rate: A\$/¥ (average rate)       | 75.8 yen       | 73.7 yen       | Yen appreciation ¥(2.1)        |

# **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

| Balance sheet                    | Mar. 31, | Mar. 31, 2020 |        | Mar. 31, 2021 |         | (Million yen  |
|----------------------------------|----------|---------------|--------|---------------|---------|---|
|                                  | Amount   | Ratio<br>(%)  | Amount | Ratio<br>(%)  | Change  | Main factor behind changes  |
| Current assets                   | 32,881   | 52.1          | 40,777 | 57.7          | +7,896  | Cash and deposits: +5,897; inventory assets: +2,719   |
| Fixed assets                     | 30,274   | 47.9          | 29,840 | 42.3          | (433)   | Tangible fixed assets: (2,428); Intangible fixed assets: +534; Investment securities: +1,570  |
| Total assets                     | 63,155   | 100.0         | 70,618 | 100.0         | +7,462  |   |
| Current liabilities              | 14,071   | 22.3          | 25,492 | 36.1          | +11,420 | Short-term debt: +5,936; notes and accounts payable - trade: +2,753   |
| Fixed liabilities                | 16,082   | 25.5          | 14,838 | 21.0          | (1,243) | Long-term debt: (1,310)   |
| Total liabilities                | 30,154   | 47.7          | 40,330 | 57.1          | +10,176 |   |
| Total net assets                 | 33,001   | 52.3          | 30,287 | 42.9          | (2,713) | Net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company: (3,035); dividends paid: (653); foreign currency translation adjustments: +493 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 63,155   | 100.0         | 70,618 | 100.0         | +7,462  |   |

|--|

| Other indicators                                 |               |               |         |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------|
|  | Mar. 31, 2020 | Mar. 31, 2021 |         |
| Cash and deposits (including long-term deposits) | 17,953        | 23,880        | +5,927  |
| Debt   | (17,077)      | (22,562)      | (5,484) |
| Net cash and deposits                            | 875           | 1,318         | +442    |
| Shareholders' equity ratio (%)                   | 52.3          | 42.8          |         |
| Debt/equity ratio (times)                        | 0.54          | 0.78          |         |

#### Consolidated Balance Sheet (March 31, 2021)

#### **Balance sheet**

- Cash and deposits 23.9 billion
- Accounts receivable 7.2 billion
- Inventory assets
   6.9 billion

#### Current liabilities 25.5 billion

- Accounts payable 6.4 billion
- Debt 12.4 billion

#### Fixed liabilities 14.8 billion

- Debt 10.2 billion
- Leases 1.0 billion

#### Fixed assets 29.8 billion

- Tangible fixed assets 13.4 billion
  - [Buildings, machinery, [4.6 billion]
  - etc.] [Land] [7.7 billion]
  - [Leases] [1.1 billion]
- Intangible fixed assets 11.0 billion
- [Goodwill] [10.7 billion]
- Securities 3.3 billion

#### Total assets 70.6 billion

#### Net assets 30.3 billion

Shareholders' equity ratio 42.8%

Debt/equity ratio 0.78 times

Total liabilities and net assets: 70.6 billion

# **Consolidated Cash Flows**

Cash flows

(Million yen)

|  | FY2019  | FY2020   | Main factors   |
|--|---------|----------|--|
|  | F12019  | F 1 2020 | Main factors   |
| Net profit before income taxes                               | 2,959   | (1,967)  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization (including                     | 3,010   | 2,630    |  |
| goodwill amortization expenses)                              | 392     | 3,921    |  |
| Impairment loss  | (1,213) | 2,623    |  |
| Working capital Others                                       | (2,862) | (399)    |  |
| CF from operating activities                                 | 2,287   | 6,807    |  |
| Changes in fixed assets                                      |         |          | Payment for acquisition of fixed assets                                |
| Investment securities  | (1,686) | (1,075)  | Payment for acquisition of investment securities                       |
| Acquisition and sale of subsidiaries                         | (246)   | (830)    | <ul> <li>Consolidation of KMT Corporation, Sansei Denshi,</li> </ul>   |
| accompanying a change in the scope of consolidation          | (3,848) | (4,165)  | and Systech Kyowa as subsidiaries                                      |
| Others   | (1,940) | 3,503    | <ul> <li>Increase in time deposits (more than three months)</li> </ul> |
| Others   |         |          | ,  |
| CF from investing activities                                 | (7,722) | (2,568)  |  |
| Changes in debt  | 5,765   | 5,095    | Debt for consolidation of KMT Corporation, Sansei                      |
| Payment of dividends   | (641)   | (650)    | Denshi, and Systech Kyowa as subsidiaries                              |
| Others   | (310)   | (185)    |  |
| CF from financing activities                                 | 4,813   | 4,259    |  |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (999)   | 607      |  |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents                         | (1,621) | 9,105    |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period             | 11,809  | 10,188   |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                   | 10,188  | 19,293   |  |

# FY2021 Consolidated Earnings Forecast

# **FY2021 Consolidated Earnings Forecast**

- Energy Business Division: A decline in revenue due to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition to be applied from FY2021 (Coal Sales Business)
- Consumer Goods and Services Business Division: Increases in revenue and profit due to consolidation of Systech Kyowa in February 2021 and a return to profitability at the Fashion Business

#### **Consolidated earnings forecast**

(Million yen)

|   | FY2020 Results   | FY2021 Forecast  | Yr/Yr Change       |
|---|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Net sales   | 57,378           | 39,900           | (17,478)           |
| Operating profit [Operating profit before amortization of goodwill] | 1,946<br>[2,613] | 3,000<br>[3,656] | +1,054<br>[+1,043] |
| Ordinary profit   | 3,020            | 2,900            | (120)              |
| Net profit attributable to owners of parent                         | (3,035)          | 2,000            | +5,035             |
| Dividend per share  | 50 yen           | 50 yen           | -                  |

<sup>\*</sup> The Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition and other standards are applied from FY2021, so the consolidated financial forecasts above are values after the said and other accounting standards are applied.

In the case where the said accounting standard is not applied, net sales total 65,800 million yen.

<sup>\*</sup> The forecast above is based on information available as of the date of this publication. Actual results may differ due to various future factors. If a revision of the forecast of financial results becomes necessary, the Company will disclose the revised figures promptly.

### **FY2021 Consolidated Segment Earnings Forecast**

- Energy Business Division: A decline in revenue due to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition to be applied from FY2021 (Coal Sales Business)
  - A decline in profit due to a decrease in sales volume (Coal Production Business)
- Consumer Goods and Services Business Division: Increases in revenue and profit due to consolidation of Systech Kyowa (from February 2021), a return to profitability at the Fashion Business, an increase in order placement in the Electronic Parts Business

| Net sales   |                   |                    |                 | Segment profit (Million y   |   |                         | (Million yen)                       |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Business  | FY2020<br>Results | FY2021<br>Forecast | Yr/Yr<br>Change | Business  | FY2020<br>Results                         | FY2021<br>Forecast      | Yr/Yr<br>Change                     |
| Energy  | 32,985            | 12,100             | (20,885)        | Energy  | 1,612                                     | 1,400                   | (212)                               |
| Consumer Goods<br>and Services<br>of which, Fashion<br>Business | 23,080<br>2,379   | 26,400<br>2,100    | +3,320<br>(279) | Consumer Goods<br>and Services<br>of which, Fashion<br>Business<br>[Before goodwill | 1,572<br><i>(</i> 323 <i>)</i><br>[2,239] | 2,800<br>110<br>[3,456] | +1,228<br>+ <i>4</i> 33<br>[+1,217] |
| Others and adjustments  | 1,312             | 1,400              | +88             | Others and adjustments  | (1,238)                                   | (1,200)                 | +38                                 |
| Total   | 57,378            | 39,900             | (17,478)        | Total [Before goodwill amortization]  | 1,946<br>[2,613]                          | 3,000<br>[3,656]        | +1,054<br>[+1,043]                  |

<sup>\*</sup>Segment profit for the Energy Business includes equity in net income of affiliates; FY2020: 34 million yen, FY2021: - million yen.

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Others" represent business segments not included in reporting segments, and include the Real Estate Business, the Stevedore and Warehouse Business, etc.

<sup>\*</sup>Net sales in "Adjustments" include rent income of all-company assets; segment profit includes deduction of the aforesaid equity in net income of affiliates, all-company profit & expenses not allocated to each reporting segment, etc.

# Breakdown of Earnings Forecast for the Energy Business Division (1)

- Coal Sales Business: A decline in revenue due to the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition to be applied from FY2021
- Coal Production Business: A decline in profit due to a decrease in sales volume

| Net sales                             |                             |                             |                            | Segment profit  |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Business                              | FY2020                      | FY2021                      | Yr/Yr<br>Change            | Business  |
| Coal Sales Business<br>Sales volume   | 28,768<br>3,800,000         | * 230<br>3,660,000          | (28,538)<br>(140,000)      | Coal Sales Business   |
| Coal Production Business Sales volume | 10,453<br>1,300,000<br>tons | 11,600<br>1,270,000<br>tons | +1,147<br>(30,000)<br>tons | Coal Production Business (of which, equity in net income of affiliates) |
| Renewable Energy Business             | 317                         | 300                         | (17)                       | Renewable Energy<br>Business  |
| Adjustments                           | (6,554)                     | (30)                        | +6,524                     | Adjustments   |
| Total                                 | 32,985                      | 12,100                      | (20,885)                   | Total   |

| Segment profit  |               |              | (Million yen)   |
|---|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Business  | FY2020        | FY2021       | Yr/Yr<br>Change |
| Coal Sales Business   | 103           | 120          | +17             |
| Coal Production Business (of which, equity in net income of affiliates) | 1,351<br>[34] | 1,140<br>(-) | (211)<br>(34)   |
| Renewable Energy<br>Business  | 157           | 140          | (17)            |
| Adjustments   | _             | _            | _               |
| Total   | 1,612         | 1,400        | (212)           |

FY2021 Coal Sales Business: net sales (forecast)

Previous: 33,790 million yen

Under new accounting standard: 230 million yen

<sup>\*</sup> Reference: Impact of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition to be newly applied

## **Breakdown of Earnings Forecast for the Energy Business Division (2)**

#### **Major indexes**

|                        |   | FY2020 Results | FY2021 Forecast | Change                         |
|------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
|                        | Sales volume (Thermal coal)               | 1,150,000 tons | 1,080,000 tons  | (70,000) tons                  |
|                        | Sales volume (Semi-soft coking coal)      | 160,000 tons   | 180,000 tons    | +20,000 tons                   |
| Coal Production        | Average coal price: Thermal coal          | US\$ 71.8      | US\$ 85.3       | +US\$ 13.6                     |
| (Jan.–Dec.<br>results) | Average coal price: Semi-soft coking coal | US\$ 84.0      | US\$ 71.9       | US\$ (12.1)                    |
|                        | Exchange rate: A\$/US\$ (average rate)    | US\$ 0.68      | US\$ 0.78       | Stronger A\$ against US\$ 0.10 |
|                        | Exchange rate: A\$/¥ (average rate)       | 73.7 yen       | 85.0 yen        | Yen depreciation<br>¥11.3      |

Amount of operating profit affected by foreign exchange fluctuations

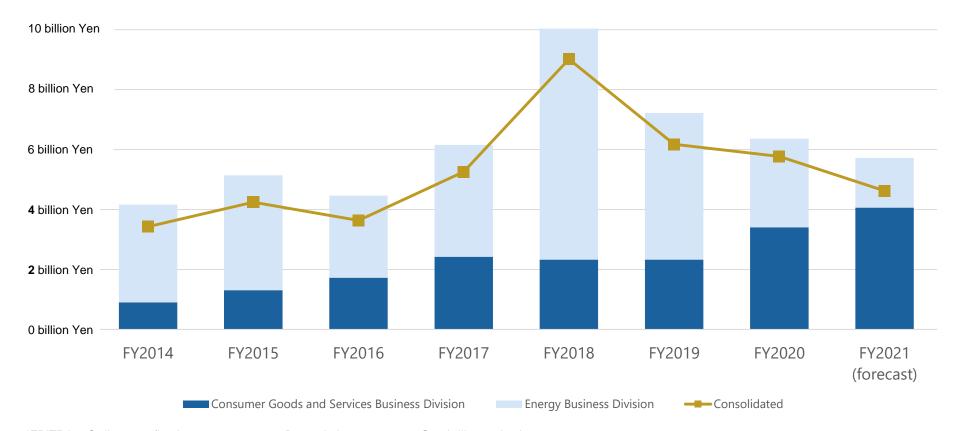
#### A\$/US\$: An increase in profit by approx. 0.7 billion yen per ¢ of A\$

<sup>\*</sup> Foreign exchange sensitivity when the coal price remains unchanged (as of May 12, 2021)

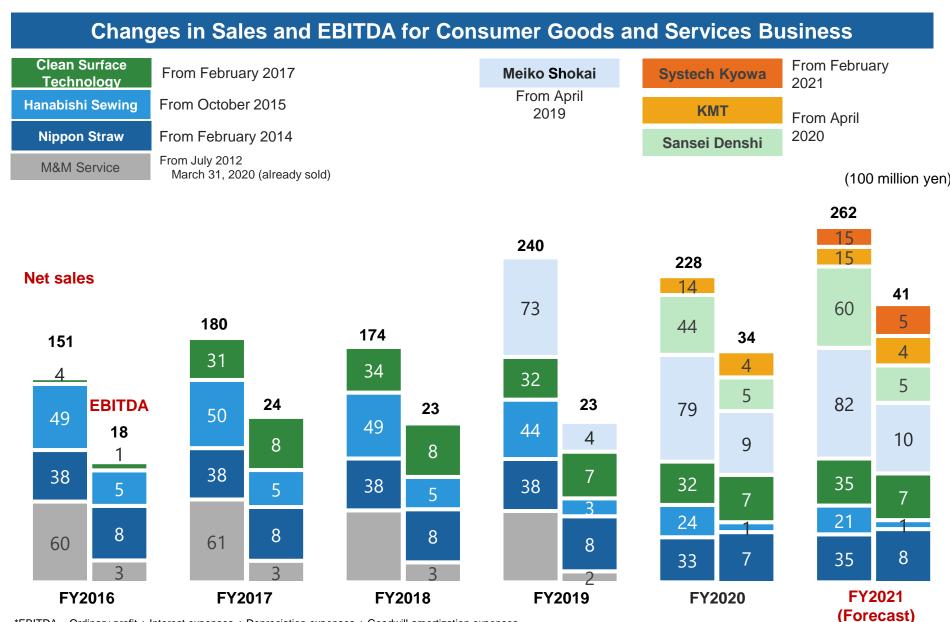
# **EBITDA Change**

# Change in EBITDA in Energy Business, Consumer Goods and Services Business, Consolidated

- As a result of aggressive efforts to develop and reinforce new businesses, EBITDA in the Consumer Goods and Services Business has steadily increased.
- In FY2020, a drop in coal prices caused a substantial decrease in EBITDA in the Energy Business, falling below that in the Consumer Goods and Services Business.



# Changes in Sales and EBITDA for Consumer Goods and Services Business



<sup>\*</sup>EBITDA = Ordinary profit + Interest expenses + Depreciation expenses + Goodwill amortization expenses

# Businesses of the Mitsui Matsushima Group

# Consumer Goods and Services Business Division

#### Main Consumer Goods and Services Businesses

**Investment policy** 

#### Stable revenues

#### **Niche markets**

# Easy to understand

#### **Main businesses**

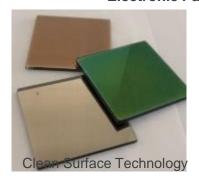
Beverage & Food Packages Business



**Fashion Business** 



**Electronic Parts Business** 



Sansei Denshi

Office Equipment Business



**Pet Business** 



Housing-related materials



Systech Kyowa

#### **Beverage & Food Packages Business**



#### Nippon Straw Co., Ltd. (http://www.nipponstraw.com/)

#### Overview and features

- Acquired shares in February 2014.
- Developed telescopic straws in 1983. Since then, Nippon Straw has further accumulated proprietary technologies and know-how as a pioneer in this industry, and established its status as a leading company in the domestic straw market. Holds an overwhelming market share (approximately 65% based on the Company's research) in Japan's telescopic straw market.
- Given its high reliability and the good evaluation it has received from its primary customers (major dairy and beverage manufacturers, etc.), the firm has maintained a stable sales base and has been achieving strong operating performance.
- Nippon Straw manufactures various types of high-function products and accommodates diverse customer needs.

#### **Major products**







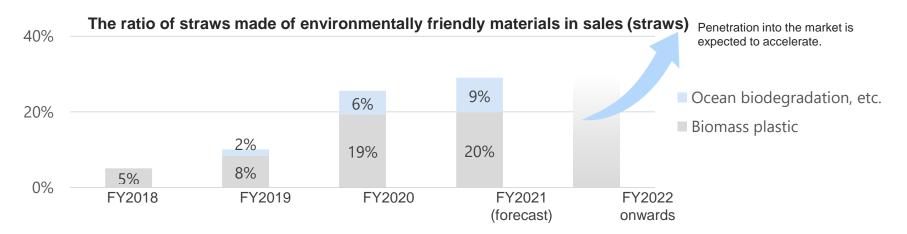
Drinking cups

#### **Prospects and commitment**

- Aim to increase revenues, mainly due to expanding demand for straws made of environmentally friendly materials and the development of new foodware products with sophisticated design (e.g., paper drinking cups, food containers).
- Nippon Straw conducts initiatives to develop products that are friendly to people and the environment in order to provide the market with safe, secure, convenient, and high-quality straws.

#### Nippon Straw — "Initiatives for environmentally friendly materials"

- Plans to commercialize ocean-biodegradable telescopic straws for the first time in the world (as of May 12, 2021)
- Penetration of straws made of environmentally friendly materials into the market is in the transition period.
- A shift from existing plastic straws to straws made of environmentally friendly materials (mainly biomass plastic and oceanbiodegradable plastic) is expected to accelerate.



#### **Future of telescopic straws**

# Paper packaging Telescopic straws Paper packaging materials use the minimum amount of plastics. (i.e., "eco-friendly materials") Expected to be exempt from levy on straws under discussion at the Ministry of the Environment

#### Classification of major straws made of environmentally friendly materials

|  |                      | Current   | From FY2021 on   |
|--|----------------------|---|--|
| <ul><li>Biomass plastic</li><li>✓ Mainly made from sugarcane</li><li>✓ Carbon neutral</li></ul>                          | Main usage Customers | Telescopic straws  Major dairy companies and beverage manufacturers | Telescopic straws  Major dairy companies and beverage manufacturers                |
| Ocean-biodegradable plastic  Mainly made from vegetable oil  | Main usage           | Single straws   | Single straws +Telescopic straws   |
| <ul> <li>Decomposes into water and<br/>carbon dioxide under<br/>various conditions, including<br/>in seawater</li> </ul> | Customers            | Leading convenience stores  | Leading convenience stores<br>+Major dairy companies and<br>beverage manufacturers |

#### **Fashion Business**



#### Hanabishi Sewing Co., Ltd. (https://hanabishi-

sewing.jp/corporate.html)

#### Overview and features

- Acquired shares in October 2015.
- Established in 1935. Hanabishi Sewing is a pioneer in custom-made suits, receiving high evaluations from major department stores and consumers.
- With its system for "full domestic production, from product development to production & sales" it has differentiated itself from other companies in operating its own shops.

# Bases and features .....Own stores (total of 18 stores) .....Plants (3 in total)

#### Complete domestic sewing A variety of suit materials





#### **Commitment and prospects**

#### Market environment

- Leading menswear retailers and other players are increasingly entering the custom-made suits' market.
- The shift to working from home is accelerating and demand for business suits has slackened further because of the impact of COVID-19.

#### Commitment in FY2020

- Shift to a structure to make a profit even in a market whose size is 60% down from that in FY2019
  - ✓ No. of factories: 5 → 2.5
     (2 factories are completely closed and 1 factory is substantially downsized)
  - ✓ No. of employees:  $700 \rightarrow 300$

#### Forecast for FY2021 onwards

- Operating profit: (300) million yen in FY2020 ⇒ 100 million yen in FY2021
- The custom-made suits' market will continue to be severe.
- Hanabishi Sewing plans to give more weight to casual office wear.

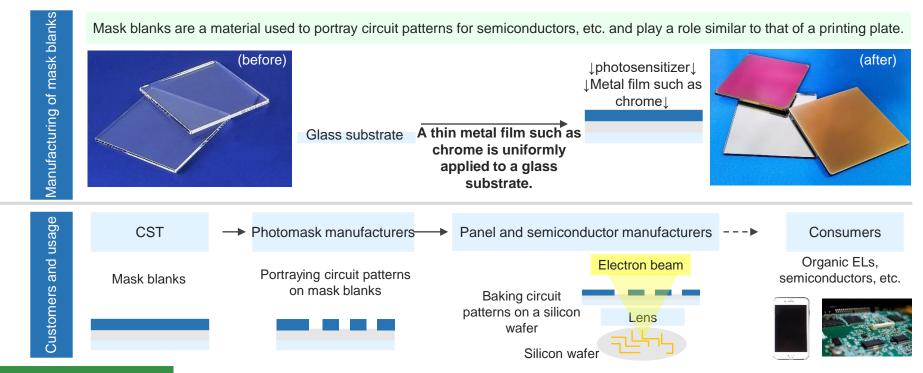
#### **Electronic Parts Business**



#### CLEAN SURFACE TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd. (http://www.cst-h.com/)

#### **Overview and features**

- Acquired shares in February 2017.
- Established in 1977 as Japan's first manufacturer specializing in mask blanks.
   The firm sells products to leading domestic and foreign manufacturers and maintains a quality customer base.



#### **Prospects**

• Since photomasks made from mask blanks are consumed a lot in the product development process of LCD, OLED, and semiconductor manufacturers, the impact of the sales trends of final products is relatively limited. However, in association with the development of such market where further technological innovation is expected, including the expansion of 5G-related businesses, growth of CST's business (the mask blanks market) is anticipated.

## **Electronic Parts Business**



# Sansei Denshi Co., Ltd. (http://www.sanseidenshi.co.jp/)

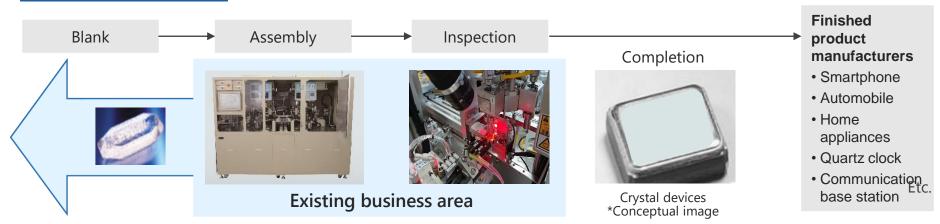
#### Overview and features

- Acquired shares in April 2020.
- Sansei Denshi manufactures and constructs manufacturing equipment and measuring instruments necessary for the production of crystal devices, and sells them to crystal device manufacturers.
- The only equipment manufacturer in Japan capable of manufacturing in-line systems covering a wide range of manufacturing processes from assembly to inspection for crystal devices.
- Sansei Denshi developed and launched in-line systems covering manufacturing processes up to the blank process in the market in FY2021.
- It succeeded in differentiating itself from its competitors by developing the market's first dedicated equipment.
- The company has strengths in (1) advanced technology; (2) strong relationships with customers; and (3) price competitiveness.

#### Manufacturing process

crystal

devices?



The business area is expected to expand further with the extended manufacturing process including the blank process. Electronic parts that use the (reverse) piezoelectric effect concerning crystals (the nature of vibrating rapidly and

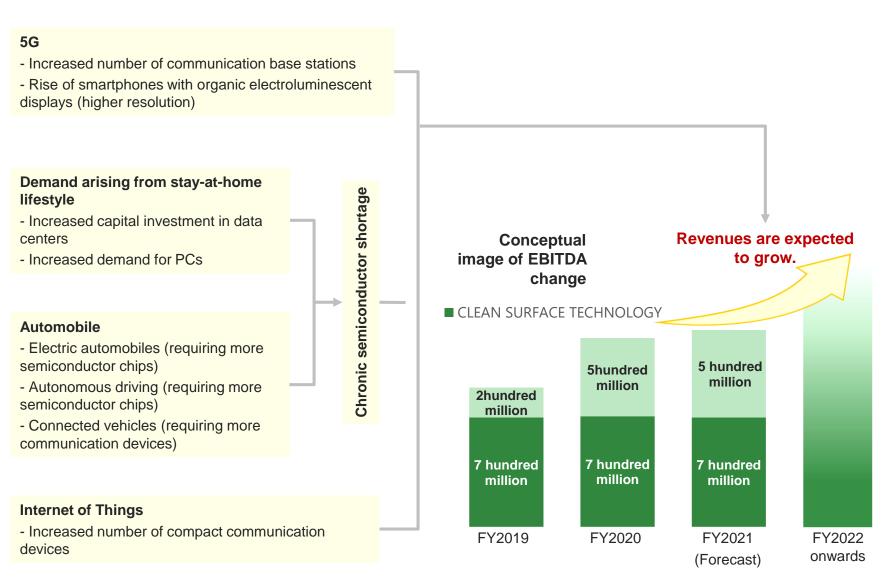
accurately when a voltage is applied)

What are They are installed in all kinds of electronic devices and are essential especially for wireless connectivity devices (smartphones, etc.)

Applications are expected to expand in growth sectors, such as the use of electronics in motor vehicles and 5G support in communications infrastructure

#### **Growth Potential in Electronic Parts Business**

 The Electronic Parts Business, which was expected to remain stable, is likely to expand its revenues steadily due to the favorable market environment.



#### **Office Equipment Business**



#### Meiko Shokai Co., Ltd. (https://www.meikoshokai.co.jp/)

#### **Overview and features**

- Acquired shares in April 2019.
- Started to manufacture and sell shredders for the first time in Japan in 1960.
   Has established its status as a leading company in Japan through its original technologies and know-how.
   Holds an overwhelming market share (approximately 75% based on the Company's research) in Japan's officeuse shredder market.
- Plans to make T SECURE INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD., a partner plant in Thailand, a subsidiary in FY2021.
   ⇒ Pursuing higher quality and higher price competitiveness as a shredder company that carries out all the processes from planning to manufacturing and sales.
- Maintaining its steady revenue structure through its extensive customer bases, reliable product lineup that can deal
  with diversified needs and high resale rate



#### **Pet Business**



#### KMT Corporation (https://kmt-dogfood.com/)

#### Overview and features

- Acquired shares in April 2020.
- KMT is engaged in the planning/sales of **high-quality premium pet foods** based on preventive medicine. It develops products focusing on the health of pets, by using ingredients equivalent to those a human being can eat and by not using additives, coloring agents, and byproducts.
- Its products have been favorably evaluated by pet breeders and veterinary hospitals across the country, having strong brand power and a solid market share in the high-quality healthy premium pet food market.
- As it will become increasingly common for people to "treat a pet as a family member" in the future, demand for the company's products is expected to increase.

#### **Major products**







Focusing on the maintenance of health from the perspective of the oral cavity environment Attaching importance to raw materials and using fresh materials

- Example of remarkable ingredients
- ◆ Useful for improving the oral cavity K12 (probiotic bacteria within the oral cavity)
- ◆ Useful for improving the intestinal

#### EF2001 lactic acid bacillus

Useful for maintaining the health of joints

#### Glucosamine, chondroitin

Abundant β-glucan

**Agaricus** 



High-quality foods containing rich nutrients and helping to improve the immune system and selfhealing power



- Example of remarkable ingredients
  - EF2001 lactic acid bacillus
    - Glucosamine, chondroitin

**Agaricus** 

#### **Housing-related materials**



#### Systech Kyowa Co., Ltd. (http://www.systechkyowa.co.jp/)

#### Overview and features

- Acquired shares in February 2021.
- Engaging in planning, production, and sales of housing-related materials (e.g., door stoppers, earthquake-resistant latches).
  - Boasting a high share in the industry by carrying out integrated production in the group from planning, molding and forming to assembling.
- Operating an in-house factory in Thailand. Maintaining solid business relationships through direct sales transactions with leading housing and building materials manufacturers, engaging in joint product development and joint patent applications.
- While there has been a temporary decline in economic indicators related to new housing starts due to the impact of COVID-19, strong growth is expected in the future.

#### **Major products**

Door stopper



Earthquake-resistant latch



#### Caster





#### **Strengths**

#### Cost competitiveness

- In-house factory (Thailand)
- Direct sales system

# High technological skills

- Advanced product development capabilities
- Patents

# Solid relationships with business partners

- Proposal-based marketing
- Joint development

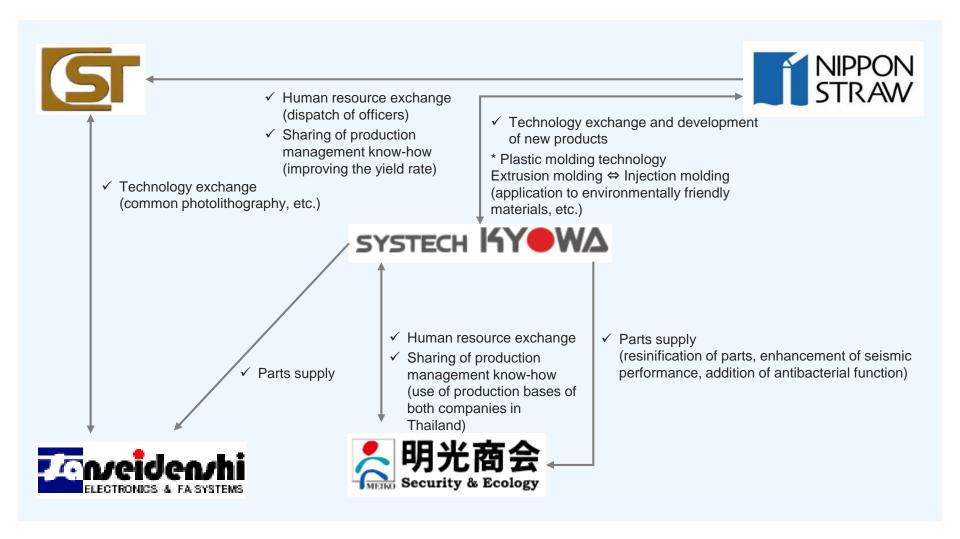
#### **Bases**





#### **Group Synergy**

Group companies created synergies by sharing know-how and other information common to the manufacturing industry.



## **Nursing Care Business**



#### MM Life Support Co., Ltd. (http://pinegarden.jp/index.php)

# Overview and features

- Established a management company in January 2014.
- With a prime location near the center of the city (in Sawara-ku, Fukuoka City), MM Life Support manages two "housing facilities for the elderly, offering a safe and secure living environment as well as nursing care services" (81 rooms) coordinated with medical care: (Pine Garden Fujisaki: 26 rooms, Pine Garden Muromi: 55 rooms).
- Based on the concept "Wishing to have my parents reside here, I also wish to reside here in the future," the firm is
  engaged in nursing care business (in-home care service, home-visit nursing care, outpatient day nursing care)
  that offers peace of mind to its users while meeting the needs of Japan's super-aged society.

#### **Facilities under management**





#### **Management concept**

- Taking initiatives to improve the nursing care level of users and focusing on creating facilities to have users live positive and healthy everyday lives.
- MM Life Support will actively take the initiative in creating an affluent and vigorous society by further improving its services.



# **Energy Business Division**

#### Coal Production Business — Liddell Coal Mine in Australia (1)

#### **Liddell Coal Mine in Australia**

#### **Overview and features**

- Operational structure: Joint venture between local unit Mitsui Matsushima Australia Pty. Ltd. (32.5%) and Glencore (67.5%)
- High-quality thermal coal and coking coal (semi-soft coking coal) are produced (approximately 90% thermal coal) and shipped mainly to Japan.
- Reserves: 850 million tons
   (Proven reserves: 210 million tons; probable reserves: 240 million tons; possible reserves: 400 million tons)
   Recoverable reserves: 11 million tons (volume in mining areas approved by the state government as of present)
- Production: raw coal: 5.23 million tons
   Charcoal production: 3.47 million tons (2021 forecast)

#### **Bases**



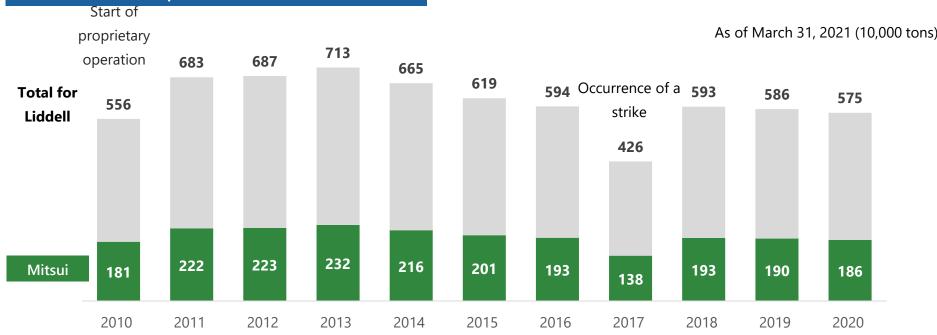
#### **Production site**



## Coal Production Business — Liddell Coal Mine in

Australia (2)

Liddell Coal Mine production (raw coal) results



- Mining areas approved by the state government as of present are expected to finish mining in FY2023.
   No major cost fluctuation is expected until completion.
- The goal is to maximize the value of interests by making steady progress in preparing to expand the mining area (e.g., procedures for obtaining environmental permits within the year).
- However, an upfront investment of about 10.0 billion yen is projected around 2023. Therefore, if the extension is implemented, an option of early withdrawal will also be considered, taking into account the surrounding environment, profitability, and other factors.

# Coal Sales Business, Renewable Energy Business

# Mitsui Matsushima Co., Ltd. (Coal Sales)

#### **Overview and features**

- On October 1, 2018, the Coal Sales Business was newly established by divesture following the shift to a holding company structure.
- Selling coal to electric power companies, steel companies, etc. in Japan.
- The impact of fluctuations of coal prices on profits is limited as commissions according to transaction volume are the main source of revenues.
- Net sales are substantially affected by the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition to be applied from FY2021.
  - \* Reference: FY2021 net sales (forecast) Previous: 33,790 million yen

Under new accounting standard: 230 million yen

# MM Energy Co., Ltd. (Renewable Energy)

#### **Overview and features**

- Operates the "Mega Solar Tsuyazaki Power Station," a 6-MW-capacity solar power generation station on land belonging to the Company in Fukutsu City, Fukuoka Prefecture.
- This power generation capacity is equivalent to the annual power consumption of roughly 2,000 general households.
- During FY2020, power limiting was conducted 64 times based on the output control instruction by Kyushu Electric Power Co., Inc.



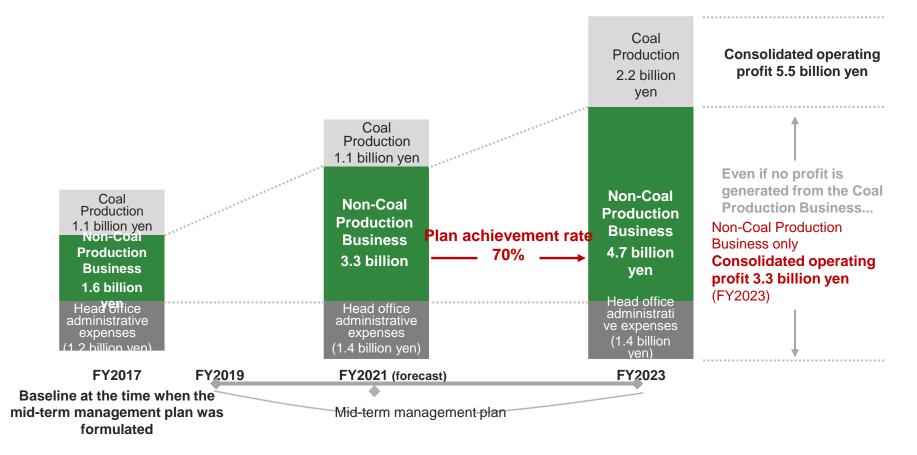
# Progress of Mid-term Management Plan

#### **Progress of Mid-term Management Plan**

#### Overview of the plan

The Company will maintain its shareholder return policy focusing on steady dividend payments based on its adequate
earnings base even if no profit is generated from the Coal Production Business. This is due to the achievement of the mid-term
management plan (profit of 4.7 billion yen in the Non-Coal Production Business).

#### **Profit goals**



\*FY2021 figures are forecasts as of this moment.

# **Reference Materials**

#### **Sustainability Activities**

#### **Basic sustainability policy**



Based on the corporate philosophy of "Serving People and Society," the Mitsui Matsushima Group will fulfill its social responsibility to its stakeholders and strive to resolve social issues through its business activities so that a sustainable society can be realized. Please refer to our website for specific activities of the Group.

(https://www.mitsui-matsushima.co.jp/csr/index.html)

#### **Our initiatives**

Operation of Mitsui Minato Club



Custom-made suits for wheelchair users



- Since its opening in 1908, it has served as a social gathering place and a guest house for Mitsui Zaibatsu.

It is a designated tangible cultural property of Omuta City, Fukuoka Prefecture.

It was inherited in June 2017 from interested persons in Omuta City.

It is a socially significant business to protect and preserve the historical heritage that has long been loved by the local community; this will lead to a significant contribution to Omuta City, which is the cornerstone of the growth of the entire Mitsui Group, and the local residents.

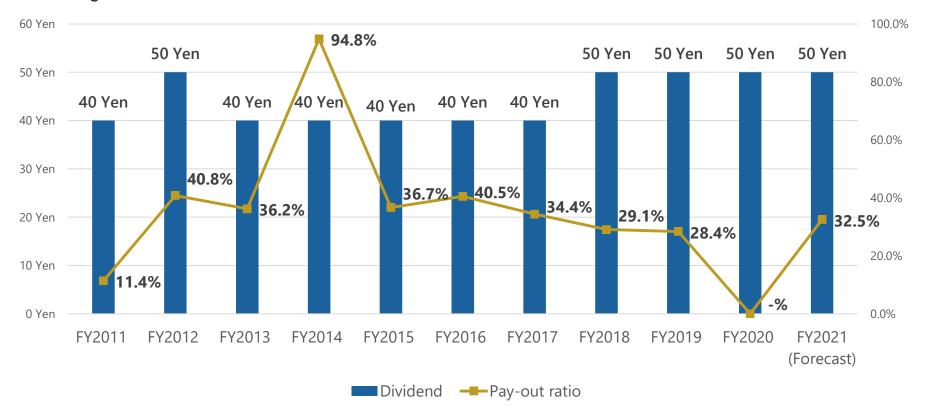
- Developed our own custom-made suits for wheelchair users, designed for a sitting posture.

Solving various kinds of inconvenience that wheelchair users have when wearing suits.

# **Dividend Policy and Transition in Dividends**

#### **Dividend status and policy**

- The Company has set the dividend for FY2020 at 50 yen per share and the dividend forecast for FY2021 at 50 yen per share.
- The Company positions the return of profits to shareholders as one of its priority management policies. In principle, the Company strives to return profits commensurate with its financial results on an ongoing basis, while securing the internal reserves necessary to ensure stable future growth and to respond to changes in the business environment.



<sup>\*</sup>Since a 10-to-1 share consolidation effective October 1, 2016 was conducted, dividend per share was calculated based on the assumption that the share consolidation was conducted.

#### **Shareholder Incentive Plan**

#### **Shareholder incentives**

The Company will provide the following Shareholder Incentive Plan for shareholders listed in the shareholders' register as of March 31, 2021.

#### Hanabishi Sewing: product gift tickets (10,000 yen)



#### Eligible shareholders

Number of shares held

- 100 shares or more, less than 1,000 shares: 1 ticket
- 1,000 shares or more: 2 tickets

#### Applicable items

- In-store purchases of any product (up to 2 tickets per visit, not applicable to online purchases)

#### Preferential facility discount ticket (3,000 yen)



#### Eligible shareholders

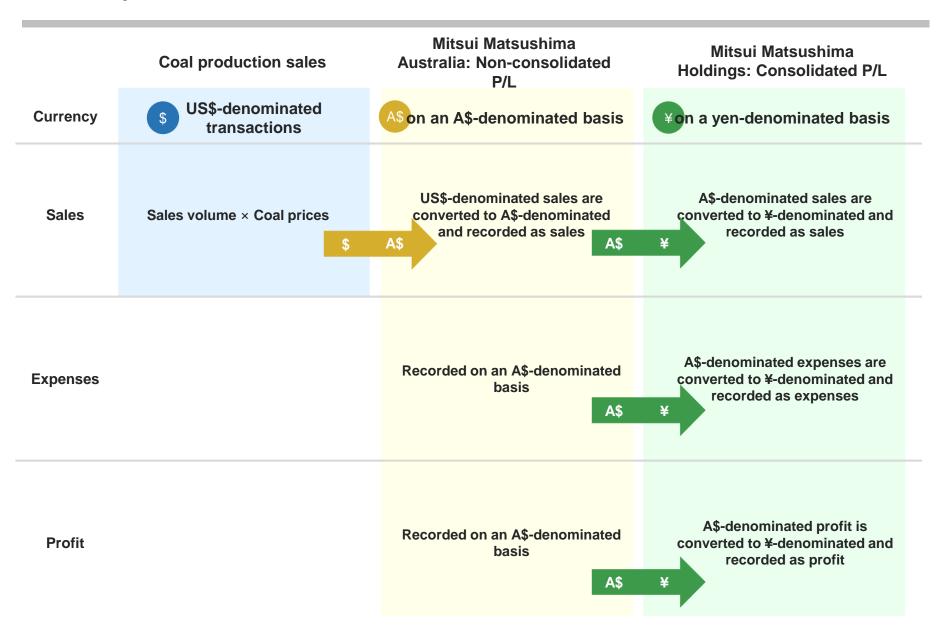
Number of shares held

- 100 shares or more, less than 1,000 shares: 2 tickets
- 1,000 shares or more, less than 3,000 shares: 4 tickets
- 3,000 shares or more: 6 tickets

#### Applicable facilities (total of 17 facilities across the country)

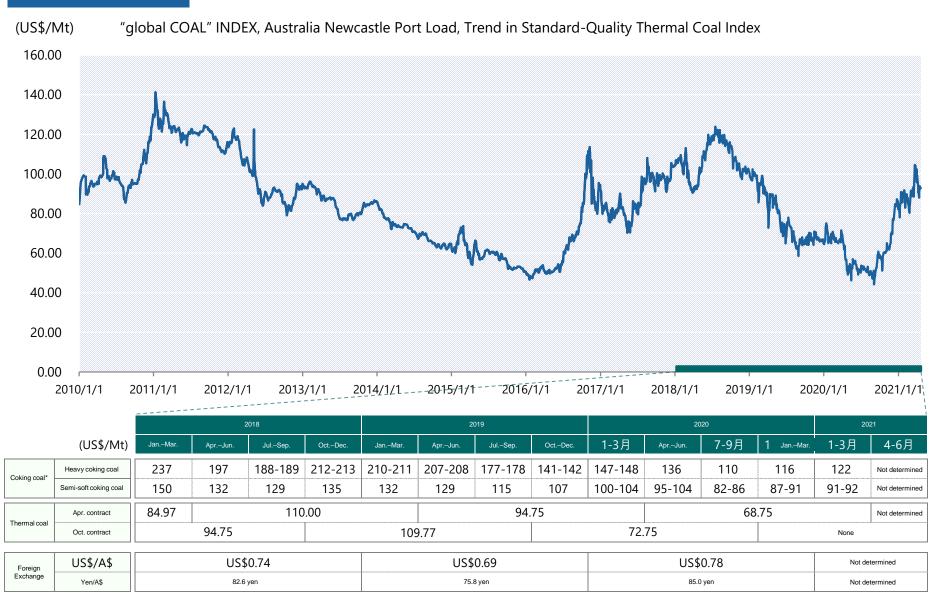
- Hotels operated by M&M Service (total of 16 facilities)
- Mitsui Minato Club < Omuta City, Fukuoka Prefecture> (meals only)

#### Impact of FX in Coal Production Business



#### **Trends in the Coal Market**

#### **Coal market information**



<sup>\*</sup>Effective April 2017, the method of calculating the price of coking coal was changed to a spot-linked method.

These materials contain forward-looking statements that are in no way guarantees of future performance. Future performance is affected by risks and uncertainties. Future performance may vary due to changing assumptions and conditions in the business environment. These materials should not be relied on as the sole source of information, and should be used with discretion. Mitsui Matsushima Holdings Co., Ltd. is in no way responsible for any damage caused as a result of relying on or using these materials.

<IR Contact> General Affairs Dept./Business Planning Dept. Tel: +81-92-771-2171